

The vision is to provide a more flexible approach to information sharing that will, in the future, match more closely operational imperatives of flexibility and dynamism.

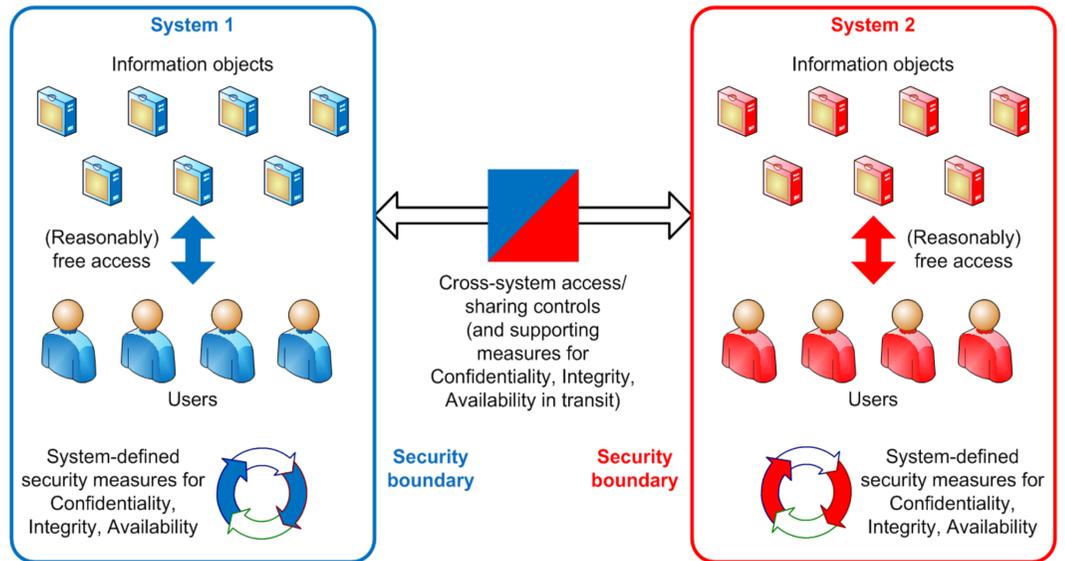
RESEARCH CHALLENGE

Current high assurance security systems are stove piped, with security defined by system boundaries:

- Users cannot share information, reducing effectiveness
- Users find less secure workarounds.

Issues:

- Security properties are managed at the system level, not the individual object level
- Boundary devices too rigid and hard to assure
- Lack of modelling tools for fine-grained trust.



“In 2020, enterprise IT departments will not own the device, and in the case of cloud-based services, they may or may not control the network, server, OS or application the end user is consuming. In 2020, what is left that IT actually still can directly control? The answer is the information itself.”
Gartner 2013

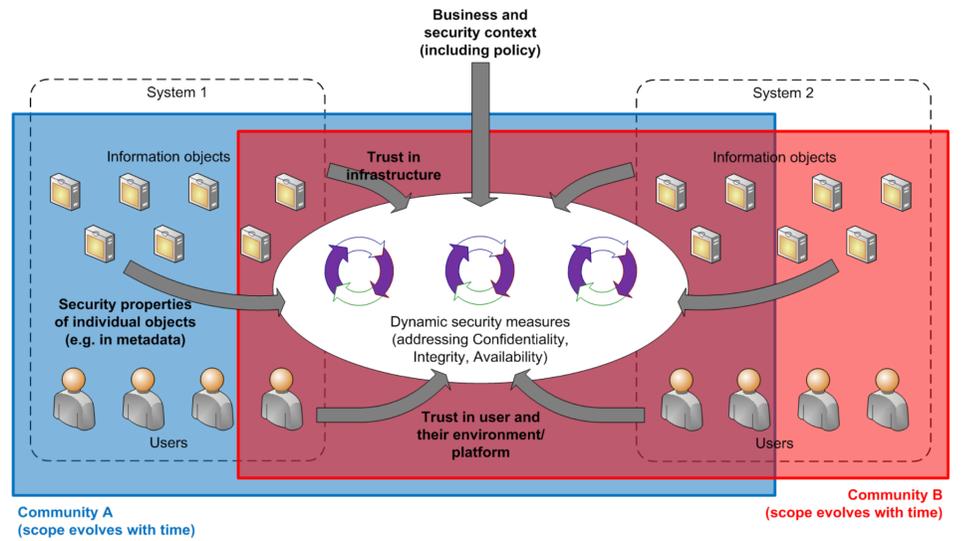
LONG TERM GOAL

Business communities that are not constrained to system boundaries:

- Security measures at rest / in transit / in processing
- Security measures determined and enforced dynamically, based on multiple inputs.

Challenges to address:

- Understanding trust relationships
- Assurance
- Maintaining association between information and security properties.



PROJECT OUTCOMES

Scoping study to determine how an Information Based Security paradigm could be applied and recommend future activities to enable realisation.

- Analysis of a set of real-life scenario
- New trust and modelling techniques
- Information and engineering perspectives
- Recommendation to move to a capability demonstration.

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<http://nrx.co/csiis>

The approach will support intelligent and fine-grained protection for information at rest; information being processed; and information in transit.